

Be travel ready!

The ABRILADA Travel Kit includes a cooler bag, 2 freezable gel packs, and may make traveling with ABRILADA easier. Find out how to order one on page 8 of this brochure.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about ABRILADA?

You should discuss the potential benefits and risks of ABRILADA with your doctor. ABRILADA is a tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocker medicine that can lower the ability of your immune system to fight infections. You should not start taking ABRILADA if you have any kind of infection unless your doctor says it is okay.

• Serious infections have happened in people taking adalimumab products. These serious infections include tuberculosis (TB) and infections caused by viruses, fungi, or bacteria that have spread throughout the body. Some people have died from these infections. Your doctor should test you for TB before starting ABRILADA, and check you closely for signs and symptoms of TB during treatment with ABRILADA, even if your TB test was negative. If your doctor feels you are at risk, you may be treated with medicine for TB.

Please see Selected Safety Information throughout and <u>Full Prescribing</u>
<u>Information, including BOXED WARNING, Medication Guide</u>, and <u>Instructions</u>
<u>for Use</u>, available at <u>ABRILADA.com</u>.



Prepare ahead to travel with ABRILADATM (adalimumab-afzb). Below are some helpful suggestions.

- ABRILADA medication, which includes
 - Injection device (prefilled pen or syringe) in its original carton
 - Alcohol prep wipes
- Gauze or cotton balls for postinjection site care*
- ABRILADA travel cooler bag
 - The cooler bag carries up to 2 freezable gel packs and 1 carton of ABRILADA, which contains 2 injection devices (prefilled pens or syringes)[†]
 - When used per the manufacturer's instructions, the cooler bag should maintain an appropriate temperature environment for ABRILADA for a few hours[†]
- Portable sharps disposal or heavy-duty plastic container*
 - If traveling within the US, visit https://safeneedledisposal.org/ to review needle disposal requirements and collection points near you
 - If traveling abroad, be sure to learn about disposal methods within your destination country
 - Use according to the manufacturer's instructions to safely dispose of your used ABRILADA pen or syringe $^{\rm 5}$
- TSA notification card or other medical documentation to describe your condition*:
 - TSA notification cards can be found at https://www.tsa.gov/sites/default/files/disability_notification_card_508.pdf

Orders are limited to 1 sharps container per year.

The ABRILADA prefilled pen or syringe must be refrigerated between 36° F to 46° F (2° C to 8° C). ABRILADA can be stored at room temperature up to a maximum of 86° F (30° C) for up to 30 days.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about ABRILADA? (continued)

• Cancer. For children and adults taking TNF blockers, including ABRILADA, the chance of getting lymphoma or other cancers may increase. There have been cases of unusual cancers in children, teenagers, and young adults using TNF blockers. Some people have developed a rare type of cancer called hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about ABRILADA? (continued)

• Cancer (continued). This type of cancer often results in death. If using TNF blockers including ABRILADA, your chance of getting two types of skin cancer (basal cell and squamous cell) may increase. These types are generally not life-threatening if treated; tell your doctor if you have a bump or open sore that doesn't heal.

What should I tell my doctor BEFORE starting ABRILADA?

Tell your doctor about all of your health conditions, including if you:

- Have an infection, are being treated for infection, or have symptoms of an infection
- Get a lot of infections or infections that keep coming back
- Have diabetes
- Have TB or have been in close contact with someone with TB, or were born in, lived in, or traveled where there is more risk for getting TB
- Live or have lived in an area (such as the Ohio and Mississippi River valleys) where
 there is an increased risk for getting certain kinds of fungal infections, such as
 histoplasmosis, coccidioidomycosis, or blastomycosis. These infections may happen
 or become more severe if you use ABRILADA. Ask your doctor if you are unsure if
 you have lived in these areas
- Have or have had hepatitis B
- Are scheduled for major surgery
- Have or have had cancer
- Have numbness or tingling or a nervous system disease such as multiple sclerosis or Guillain-Barré syndrome
- Have or had heart failure
- Have recently received or are scheduled to receive a vaccine. ABRILADA patients
 may receive vaccines, except for live vaccines. Children should be brought up to
 date on all vaccines before starting ABRILADA
- Are allergic to any ABRILADA ingredients
- Are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, breastfeeding, or planning to breastfeed
- Have a baby and you were using ABRILADA during your pregnancy. Tell your baby's doctor before your baby receives any vaccines

Also tell your doctor about all the medicines you take. You should not take ABRILADA with ORENCIA® (abatacept), KINERET® (anakinra), REMICADE® (infliximab), ENBREL® (etanercept), CIMZIA® (certolizumab pegol), or SIMPONI® (golimumab). Tell your doctor if you have ever used RITUXAN® (rituximab), IMURAN® (azathioprine), or PURINETHOL® (mercaptopurine, 6-MP).

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^{*}These items do not come with the ABRILADA Travel Kit.

[†]Freeze gel packs before placing them in the travel cooler pockets. Do not place ABRILADA in direct contact with the gel packs.

¹The cooler bag containing ABRILADA in the original carton must be protected from light, packed securely so it is not dropped, and not be shaken or exposed to extreme cold or heat. If your ABRILADA is damaged, you should not use it. If you are unsure if ABRILADA was stored properly during its transport, you should make a note of the date and time of when it was first removed from the refrigerator in the spaces provided on the carton and then use the medicine within 30 days.



- Pack your ABRILADA™ (adalimumab-afzb) (in your travel cooler if using one) in one compartment of your carry-on luggage to ensure it is easy to access at security checkpoints or during your flight
- Inform the TSA officer of your medication(s) and separate them from other belongings before screening begins. Labeling these items may help facilitate the screening process
- If requested, carefully remove medically necessary items from your carry-on bag for screening (as these items may be screened separately from your other belongings)

For more information, visit www.tsa.gov/travel/special-procedures.



WHEN YOU ARRIVE AT YOUR DESTINATION

The ABRILADA prefilled pen or syringe must be refrigerated between 36° F to 46° F (2° C to 8° C). Store ABRILADA in the original carton until use to protect it from light. Do not freeze ABRILADA, avoid direct contact with ice, and do not use if frozen, even if it has been thawed.

If the ABRILADA prefilled pen or syringe has reached room temperature, record the date when ABRILADA was first removed from the refrigerator in the spaces provided on the carton. ABRILADA can be stored at room temperature up to a maximum of 86°F (30°C) for up to 30 days. ABRILADA must be used within 30 days, even if put back in the refrigerator. If you do not use it within the 30 days, you must properly discard ABRILADA.*

*Call your pharmacist immediately to let them know that your ABRILADA prefilled pen or syringe has been stored out of the refrigerator for more than 30 days. Your pharmacist will be able to advise you on how you may obtain a new ABRILADA prefilled pen or syringe.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What should I watch for AFTER starting ABRILADA?

ABRILADA can cause serious side effects, including:

- Serious infections. These include TB and infections caused by viruses, fungi, or bacteria. Symptoms related to TB include a cough, low-grade fever, weight loss, or loss of body fat and muscle.
- Hepatitis B infection in carriers of the virus. Symptoms include muscle aches, feeling very tired, dark urine, skin or eyes that look yellow, little or no appetite, vomiting, clay-colored bowel movements, fever, chills, stomach discomfort, and skin rash.
- **Allergic reactions.** Symptoms of a serious allergic reaction include hives, trouble breathing, and swelling of your face, eyes, lips, or mouth.
- **Nervous system problems.** Signs and symptoms include numbness or tingling, problems with your vision, weakness in your arms or legs, and dizziness.
- Blood problems (decreased blood cells that help fight infections or stop bleeding).
 Symptoms include a fever that does not go away, bruising or bleeding very easily, or looking very pale.
- **Heart failure** (new or worsening). Symptoms include shortness of breath, swelling of your ankles or feet, and sudden weight gain.

SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What should I watch for AFTER starting ABRILADA? (continued)

- Immune reactions including a lupus-like syndrome. Symptoms include chest discomfort or pain that does not go away, shortness of breath, joint pain, or rash on your cheeks or arms that gets worse in the sun.
- Liver problems. Symptoms include feeling very tired, skin or eyes that look yellow, poor appetite or vomiting, and pain on the right side of your stomach (abdomen). These problems can lead to liver failure and death.
- **Psoriasis** (new or worsening). Symptoms include red scaly patches or raised bumps that are filled with pus.

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SELECTED SAFETY INFORMATION

What should I watch for AFTER starting ABRILADA? (continued)

Call your doctor or get medical care right away if you develop any of the above symptoms.

Common side effects of ABRILADA include injection site reactions (pain, redness, rash, swelling, itching, or bruising), **upper respiratory infections** (including sinus infections), **headaches**, and **rash**. These are not all of the possible side effects with ABRILADA. Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

Remember, tell your doctor right away if you have an infection or symptoms of an infection, including:

- Fever, sweats, or chills
- Muscle aches
- Cough
- Shortness of breath
- Blood in phlegm
- Weight loss
- Warm, red, or painful skin or sores on your body
- Diarrhea or stomach pain
- Burning when you urinate
- Urinating more often than normal
- Feeling very tired

ABRILADA is given by injection under the skin.

This is the most important information to know about ABRILADA. For more information, talk to your healthcare professional.

USES

ABRILADA is a prescription medicine used:

- To reduce the signs and symptoms of:
 - Moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis (RA) in adults. ABRILADA can be used alone, with methotrexate, or with certain other medicines. ABRILADA may prevent further damage to your bones and joints and may help your ability to perform daily activities.
 - o Moderate to severe polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA) in children 2 years of age and older. ABRILADA can be used alone or with methotrexate
 - Psoriatic arthritis (PsA) in adults. ABRILADA can be used alone or with certain other medicines. ABRILADA may prevent further damage to your bones and joints and may help your ability to perform daily activities.
 - o Ankylosing spondylitis (AS) in adults.
 - o Moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) in adults.
- To treat moderate to severe Crohn's disease (CD) in adults and children 6 years of age and older.
- To treat moderate to severe ulcerative colitis (UC) in adults. It is not known if
 adalimumab products are effective in people who stopped responding to or could
 not tolerate anti-TNF medicines.
- To treat moderate to severe chronic plaque psoriasis (Ps) in adults who are ready for systemic therapy or phototherapy, and are under the care of α doctor who will decide if other systemic therapies are less appropriate.
- To treat non-infectious intermediate (middle part of the eye), posterior (back of the eye), and panuveitis (all parts of the eye) in adults.

You are encouraged to report adverse events related to Pfizer products by calling 1-800-438-1985 (U.S. only). If you prefer, you may contact the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) directly. Visit http://fda.gov/MedWatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

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Pfizer enCompass[®] offers a variety of support and educational resources

If you would like to order a travel kit or FDA-approved sharps container, have questions, or would like to know more about access and reimbursement resources, support, and educational materials for ABRILADA, please contact Pfizer enCompass by calling 1-844-722-6672 (Monday—Friday, 8 AM—8 PM ET) or by visiting www.PFIZERenCompass.com.

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